

258. The number of houses inhabited in the several provinces in 1881 and 1891, together with the average number of persons under each roof, are given below :—

Provinces.	1881.	1891.	Increase.	Average Number of Inhabitants.	
				1881.	1891.
Ontario .....	358,034	403,012	44,978	5·4	5·2
Quebec .....	216,112	244,540	28,428	6·3	6·0
Nova Scotia .....	73,736	78,433	4,697	5·9	5·7
New Brunswick....	50,956	54,187	3,231	6·3	5·8
Manitoba .....	12,400	29,176	16,776	5·0	5·2
British Columbia..	6,992	16,776	9,784	7·0	4·9
Prince Edward Island. ....	17,684	18,359	675	6·1	5·9
The Territories .....	2,297	11,052	8,755	11·1	6·0
Total .....	738,211	855,535	117,327	5·8	5·6

259. Out of the 855,535 houses returned as inhabited, 697,166, or over 81 per cent were built of wood ; 131,529, or 15 per cent, of brick ; and 25,981, or over 3 per cent, of stone ; 632 were not described, and 259 were of sod.

260. Of the 854,676 houses of which descriptions were given, 542,969 were one story high, 287,200 two stories, 21,377 three stories and 3,040 four stories. This gives 63·5 per cent of the houses one story, 33·5 per cent two stories and 3 per cent all others.

25,016	consisted of	1	room.
68,103	“	“	2 rooms.
94,036	“	“	3 “
134,288	“	“	4 “
104,434	“	“	5 “
370,794	“	“	6 to 10 rooms.
48,159	“	“	11 to 15 “
9,846	“	“	16 rooms and over.

Thus 2·92 per cent of the houses contain one room, 7·97 per cent two rooms, 11 per cent three rooms, 15·7 per cent four rooms, 12·4 per cent five rooms, 43·4 per cent 6 to 10 rooms, 5·6 per cent 11 to 15 rooms and 1 per cent over 16 rooms.

261. The increase in dwellings in the ten years was 15·90 per cent. As the increase in population was 11·74 per cent, it is evi-